Answers to today's blog questions on airspace identification.

1. According to 14 CFR Part 107, the remote PIC of a small unmanned aircraft planning to operate within Class C airspace

A. is required to receive ATC authorization.

B. is required to file a flight plan.

C. must use a visual observer.

No person may operate a small unmanned aircraft in Class B, Class C, or Class D airspace or within the lateral boundaries of the surface area of Class E airspace designated for an airport unless that person has prior authorization from Air Traffic Control (ATC).

2. (Refer to Figure 74, area 6.) What airspace is Hayward Executive in?

A. Class B.

B. Class C.

C. Class D.

Hayward Executive is located in Class D airspace up to but not including 1,500 feet MSL as depicted by the blue segmented line surrounding it. Note that Class C begins at 1,500 feet MSL in that sector and goes up to the bottom of the overlying Class B (noted by the "T" in the altitude description).

3. (Refer to Figure 78.) In what airspace is Onawa, IA (K36) located?

A. Class E.

B. Class G.

C. Class D.

Onawa, IA (K36) is in the bottom right quadrant of the sectional excerpt. It is outside of any shading or lines, which indicates the airport is in Class G airspace up to 1,200 feet AGL.

4. (Refer to Figure 23, area 3.) What is the floor of the Savannah Class C airspace at the shelf area (outer circle)?

A. 1,300 feet AGL. B. 1,300 feet MSL. C. 1,700 feet MSL.

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Within the outer magenta circle of Savannah Class C airspace, there is a number 41 directly above the number 13. These numbers depict the floor and ceiling of the Class C airspace; the floor being 1,300 feet MSL and the ceiling being 4,100 feet MSL.